

APPENDIX E: FACTORS AND ISSUES FOR APPLICATION MIGRATION

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This appendix presents baseline factors and potential issues for applications migrating to the NMCI environment.

Factor	Issue
1. The NMCI user desktop is Windows 2000.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Are desktop applications Windows 2000-compliant?
2. The NMCI desktop will be implementing Office 2000.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Are there any interfaces to Office applications (Word, Excel) that might be affected by the Office 2000 implementation?
3. User desktops have dynamic TCP/IP addresses.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Are there any issues with changing TCP/IP addresses at the desktop?
4. Servers moving into the NMCI network will have a different TCP/IP address assigned.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Is there any hard coded logic based on TCP/IP addresses? • Is there hard code in script files, configuration files, parameters, and database entries? • Do external systems reference your server by TCP/IP address?
5. Printers within the NMCI network have a different naming scheme than currently used.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Are there any hard coded printer names embedded in the application or application scripts? • Are there any unique desktop printing requirements (e.g., color, duplex, high speed, plotter, scanners, etc.)?

Factor	Issue
<p>6. An NMCI user logs on to NMCI with a user ID that is different from the current user ID structure. For single sign-on NT domains, it may be more reasonable at this time (until the majority of users are transitioned) to prompt the user for the ID and password rather than creating a pass through security mechanism.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Are there hard coded tables that reference user IDs? • Are database permissions by user ID? • Are external interfaces sensitive to user ID?
<p>7. NMCI users will be dialing into the NMCI dial-up servers. The TCP/IP address from the NMCI dial-up is different from that currently used.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do any issues relate to using a different dial-up facility than is currently in use? • Is anyone using PC/Anywhere or similar products?
<p>8. A standard software configuration product locks the NMCI desktop down.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Does the application install anything on the desktop? • Does the application install and uninstall properly in the Add/Remove program?
<p>9. Is your application in compliance with the Navy Marine Corps Firewall Baseline Configuration?</p>	
<p>10. Is all the desktop software available and configurable for standard software distribution?</p>	
<p>11. If this application runs under an emulator, are there any anticipated issues (keyboard mapping) when the standard NMCI emulator (Reflections) is used?</p>	

Factor	Issue
<p>12. Are there any other applications that interface with your application under NMCI?</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Does your application update any data used by another application? • Does your application run upstream or downstream from another application that it might effect? • Does your application share files, access shared files, or use drive mappings across workstations or servers? • Does the application depend on portable browser-initiated code? JavaScript and Java Applets are supported in the NMCI environment, but ActiveX components are not. Active X components used on the browser (client) for application access by users outside NMCI will not be allowed by the NMCI boundary. • Does the application rely on desktop plug-ins? • Does the application need any supporting applications (such as web browsers, ORACLE, PowerBuilder, 4th Dimension, runtimes)?
<p>13. Does your application encrypt data during transmission or for storage? Does your application use encrypted data for input?</p>	
<p>14. Users do not have administrative rights to their local machines.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Developers must test applications with an account that does not have administrative rights.
<p>15. The NMCI gold disk includes common desktop applications.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • As these applications may change over time, developers should develop to standard protocols and avoid the use of proprietary APIs.